

# **Department of Veterans Affairs**

## **Enhancements to the Veterans Crisis Line Application (VCL)**

### **Developer Guide**



**November 2014**

**Version 1.0**

## Revision History

Date	Version	Description	Author
11/14/2014	1.0	Initial version	REDACTED

## Table of Contents

<b>1. Introduction.....</b>	<b>4</b>
1.1 Purpose of the Developer Guide .....	4
1.2 Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations.....	4
<b>2. Background.....</b>	<b>7</b>
2.1. Overview of the System .....	7
<b>3. Required Software Components.....</b>	<b>8</b>
3.1 Obtaining Required Software Components.....	8
3.2 Installing Required Software Components.....	9
<b>4. Obtaining VCL Code from RTC .....</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>5. Overview of the VCL Solution .....</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>6. Running VCL on a GFE.....</b>	<b>18</b>
6.1 Running Hotline .....	18
6.2 Running Admin .....	19
6.3 Running Response .....	20
<b>7. Troubleshooting / Additional Information.....</b>	<b>22</b>

## **List of Tables**

No table of figures entries found.

## **List of Figures**

No table of figures entries found.

# 1. Introduction

The Office of Mental Health Services (OMHS) is currently managing a web-based application called the Veterans Crisis Line (VCL) utilized by their confidential, free, 24-hour hotline staff to make referrals to the appropriate field-based Suicide Prevention Coordinators (SPCs).

OMHS is requesting the Office of Information & Technology (OIT) assist OMHS to enhance, deploy and support the existing VCL application and hardware platform utilizing Information Technology (IT) best practices and procedures rather than maintaining the existing reporting environment.

Goals include remediating coding issues within the application that are preventing standardized reporting and the replacement of the underlying hardware.

## 1.1 Purpose of the Developer Guide

The purpose of the Developer Guide (DG) is to provide new and current developers with the information needed to set up an environment to develop enhancements or fix issues with the VCL code.

## 1.2 Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

Term	Definition
AITC	Austin Information Technology Center
ANR	Automated Notification Reporting
AERB	Architecture and Engineering Review Board
API	Application Programming Interface
BRD	Business Requirements Document
CPRS	Computerized Patient Record System
DR	Disaster Recovery
ESS	Enterprise Support Solution
FIPS	Federal Information Processing Standard
GFE	Government Furnished Equipment
GUI	Graphical User Interface
HIPAA	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act
IIS	Internet Information Services
ISO	Information Security Officers
IT	Information Technology
MDO	Medical Domain Objects
MDWS	Medical Domain Web Services

<b>Term</b>	<b>Definition</b>
MHS	Mental Health Services
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
.NET	The Microsoft .NET Framework
NIST	National Institute of Standard and Technology
NSR	New Service Request
O&M	Operations & Maintenance
OEF/OIF	Operation Enduring Freedom/Operation Iraqi Freedom
OHI	VHA Office of Health Information
OIT	Office of Information & Technology
OMB	Office of Management and Budget
OMHS	Office of Mental Health Services
PD	Product Development
PMAS	Program Management Accountability System
PMP	Program Management Plan
RPC	Remote Procedure Call
RSD	Requirements Specification Document
SDD	System Design Document
SDV	Self-Directed Violence
SLA	Service Level Agreement
SOA	Service-Oriented Architecture
SOAP	Simple Object Access Protocol
SOP	Standard Operating Procedures
SPC	Suicide Prevention Coordinator
SPCE	Suicide Prevention Center of Excellence
SQL	Structured Query Language
SQL Server	Microsoft SQL Server Database
SSRS	SQL Server Reporting Service
TRM	Technical Reference Model
TSPR	Technical Services Project Repository
UI	User Interface
VA	The Department of Veterans Affairs
VAE	VistA Applications Enhancement

Term	Definition
VAMC	VA Medical Center
VCL	Veterans Crisis Line
Vet	Veteran
VHA	Veterans Health Administration
VISN	Veterans Integrated Service Network
VistA	Veterans Health Information Systems and Technology Architecture
VSC	Veterans Service Center
WT	Warm Transfer
WWI	World War I
WWII	World War II

## 2. Background

Mental Health Services (MHS) currently manages a web-based application (herein referred to as the VCL Application) utilized by its confidential, free, 24-hour hotline staff to make referrals to appropriate field-based SPCs.

MHS requests that OIT assist MHS as it enhances, deploys, and supports the existing VCL application. In addition, MHS requests assistance with the hardware platform in utilizing IT best practices and procedures rather than maintaining the existing enhanced reporting environment.

### 2.1. Overview of the System

MHS currently manages the VCL, a free, 24-hour, confidential hotline that veterans can access when experiencing emotional crises. VCL staff use a web-based application to make referrals from the national hotline to the appropriate field-based SPCs. Currently, the application form that VCL staff use does not electronically integrate standard, industry-wide nomenclature needed to properly classify self-directed violence. Instead, staff must record levels of self-directed violence classifications manually into the free-text comments field of the web-based form.

Unfortunately, nomenclature used in this free-text field cannot be extracted as discrete data elements. As a result, the SPCE, which gathers data from the VCL Application, does not have the ability to properly report on self-directed violence in a manner that is consistent with industry nomenclature and standards. This leads to an inability of the VA to share and compare its information with other suicide prevention centers.

MHS will establish and present the standardized nomenclature on the web-based application form in a way that allows the SPCE to extract the information as useable and reportable data, develop a tool that the SPCE and MHS can use to pull reports on this data, and solidify ongoing support and maintenance of the VCL Application.

The VCL application was developed to make referrals from the national hotline to the appropriate field-based SPCs. Up to this point in time, enhancements and changes to the VCL application have been unofficially completed during a staff member's free time. MHS recognizes the need for permanent, dedicated support for the management of this important application. In order to effectively support veterans in crisis, it is necessary that MHS implement a long-term application management solution with dedicated resources for enhancements, ongoing maintenance and management of this application.

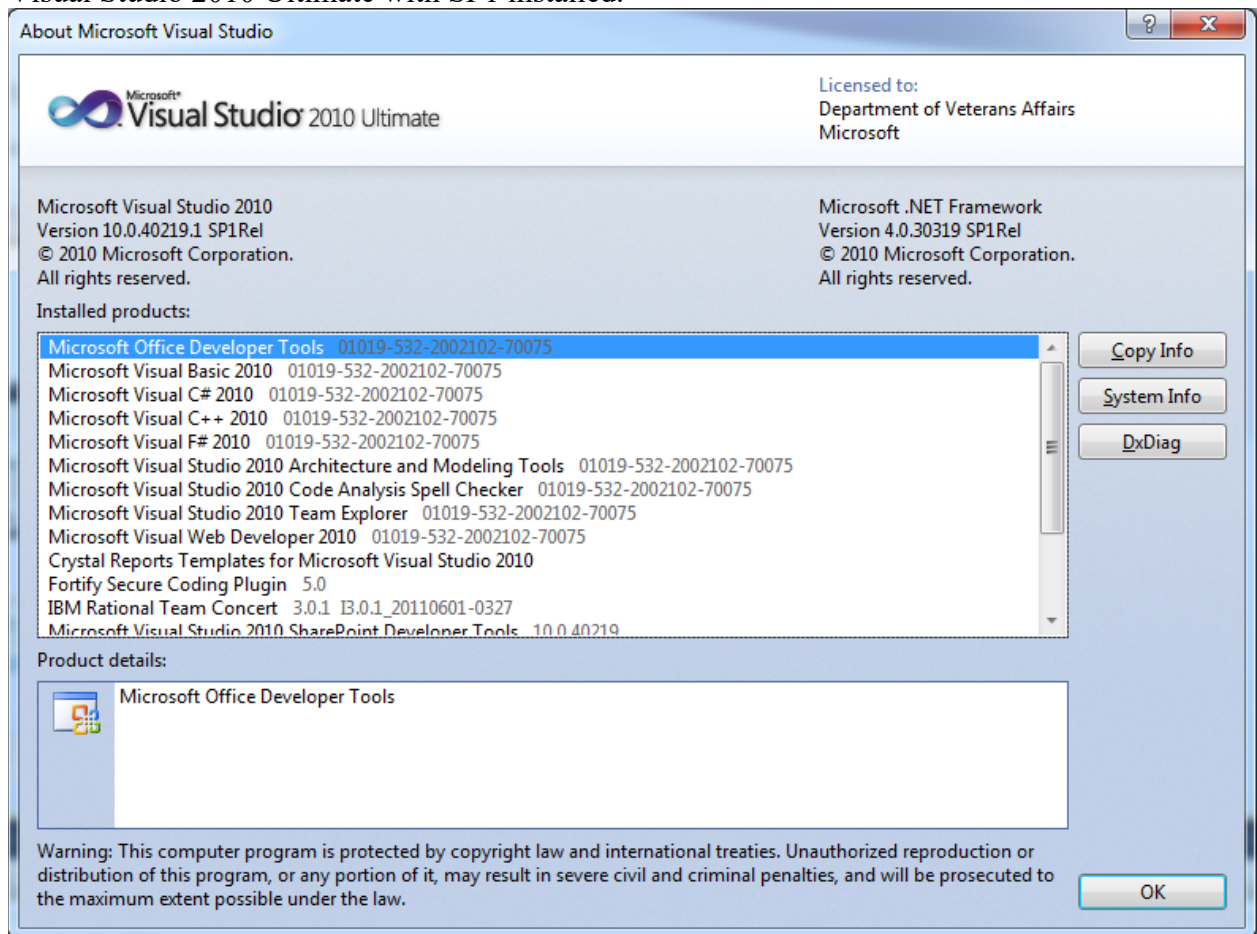


### 3. Required Software Components

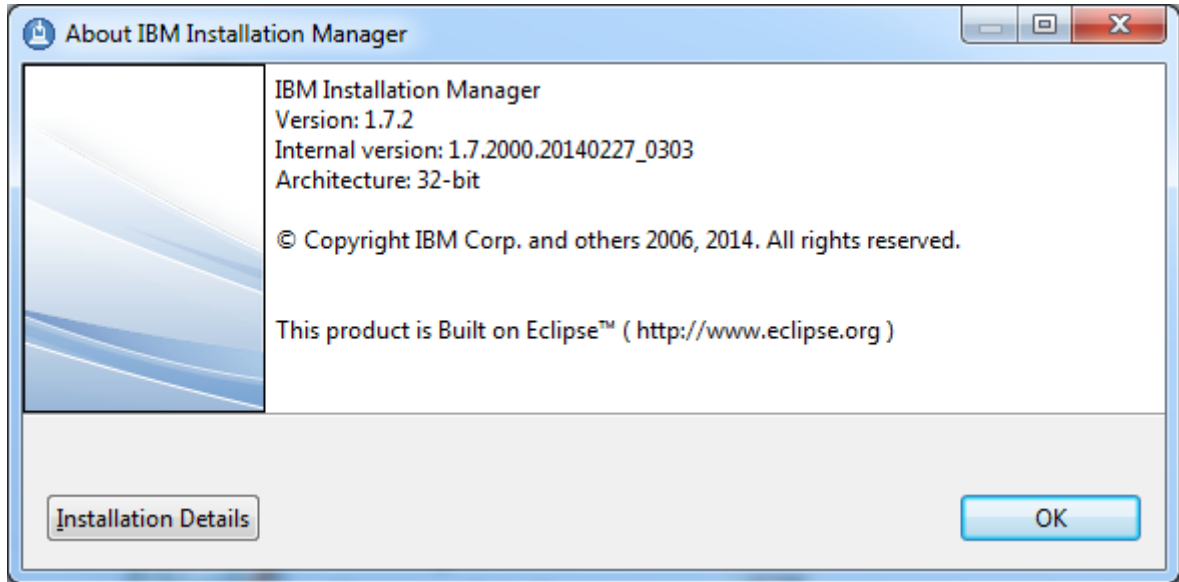
The following tools will be needed to obtain and work on VCL code. If you are unsure how to obtain these tools, please contact the National Service Helpdesk.

#### 3.1 Obtaining Required Software Components

- Visual Studio 2010 Ultimate with SP1 installed.



- IBM Installation Manager 1.7.2, which is used to install the RTC plug-in for Visual Studio.



- The RTC (Rational Team Concert) plug-in for Visual Studio 2010 Ultimate, version 3.0.1. The last known location to download the plug-in is \\vhaishmul35.vha.med.va.gov\RationalReleaseArea\TeamConcert get the zip file: RTC-VisualStudio-Client-repo-3.0.1
- The Microsoft Anti-Cross Site Scripting Library V4.2, available for download at <http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=28589>

## 3.2 Installing Required Software Components

### Visual Studio 2010 Ultimate

Follow the instructions detailed by Microsoft to install this component. Select C# as the language to be used when prompted.

### IBM Installation Manager

Follow the instructions detailed by IBM to install this component.

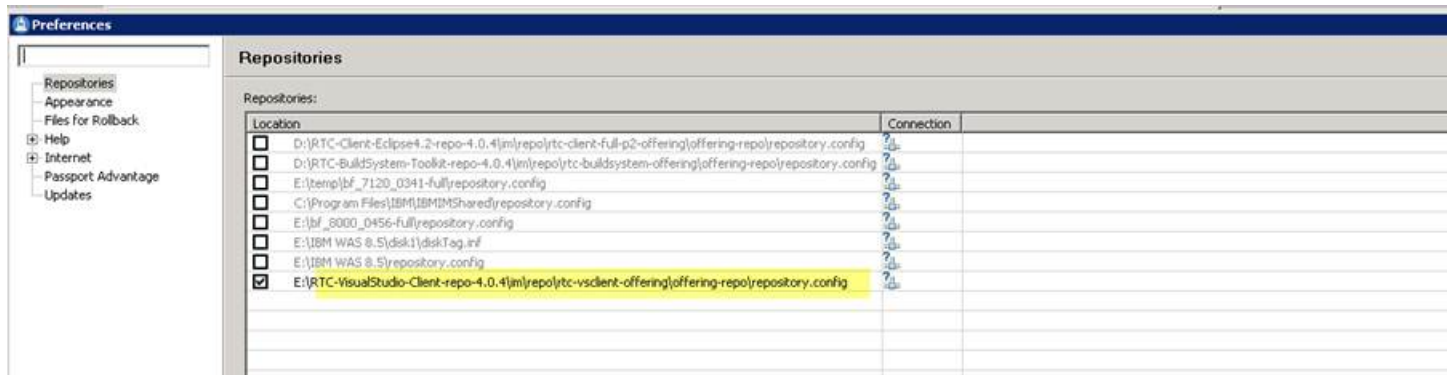
### RTC plug-in for Visual Studio 2010 Ultimate

Once VS is installed on your machine, make sure it is closed, and go get the RTC plug-in for MS VS from the RationalReleaseArea in Hines: **REDACTED**. Get the zip file: RTC-VisualStudio-Client-repo-3.0.1 and unzip it to a location on your machine.

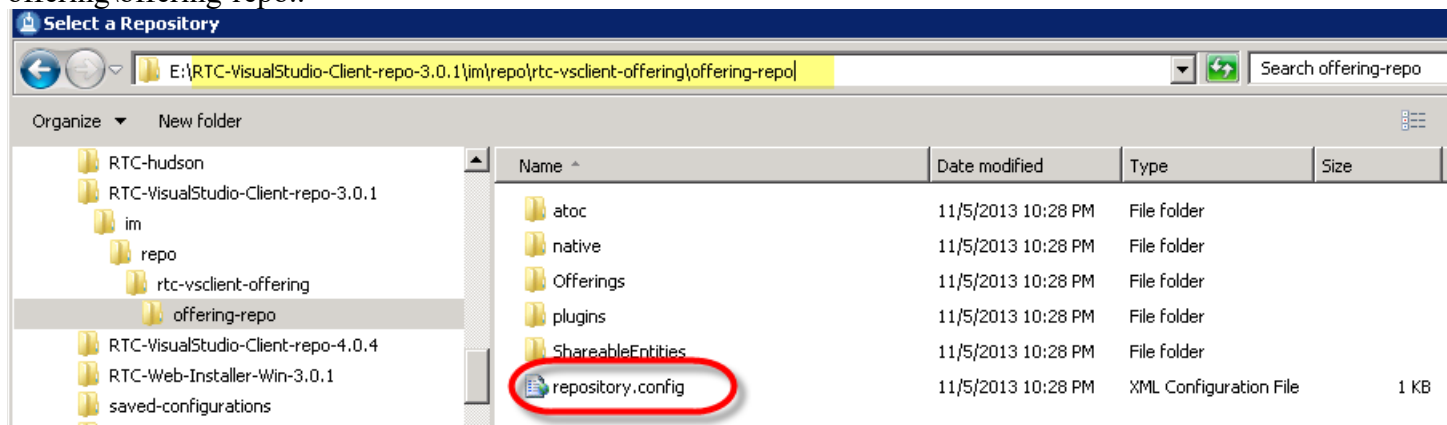
Open up Installation manager, and beneath the “File” menu select “Preferences”



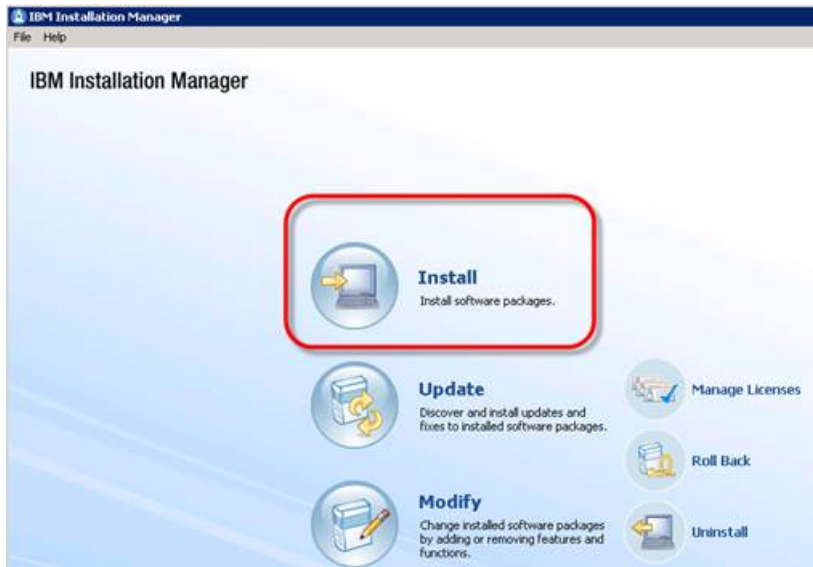
Select “Add Repository...”



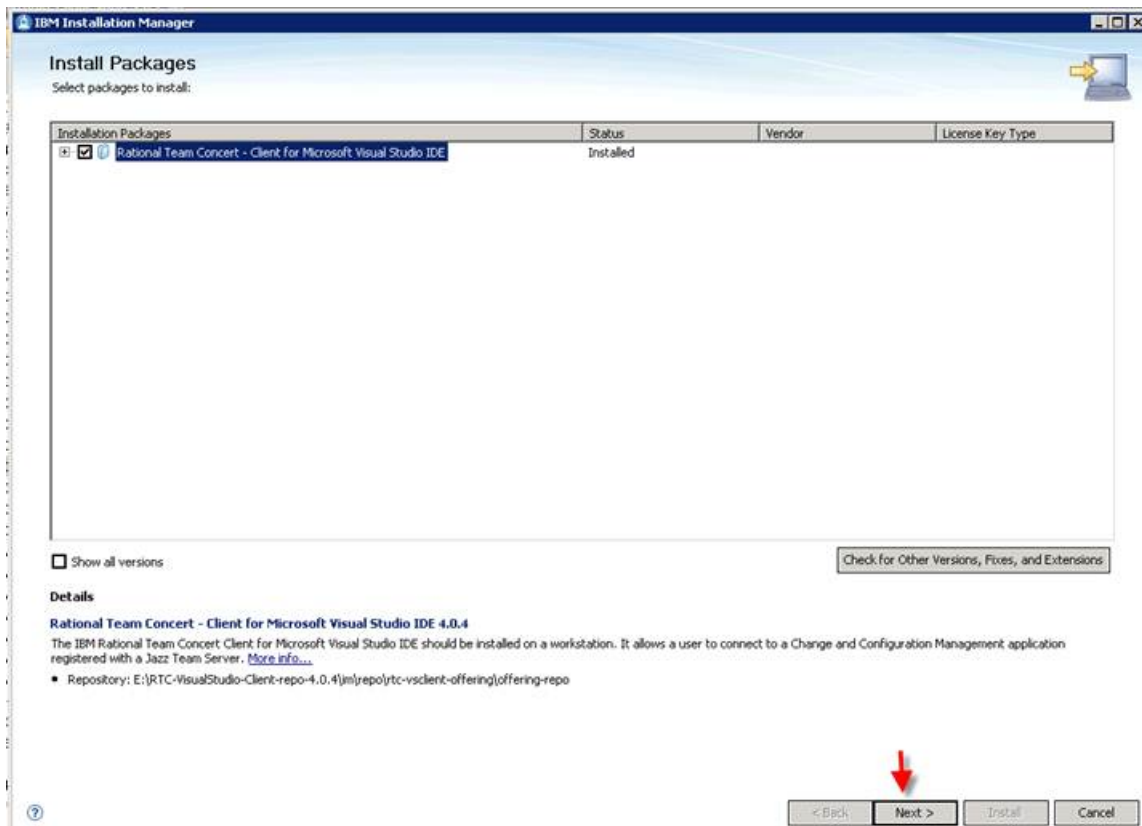
Navigate to the file named “repository.config” in the unzipped directory. You should find it in:  
 ...\\RTC-VisualStudio-Client-repo-3.0.1\\im\\repo\\rtc-vsclient-offering\\offering-repo..



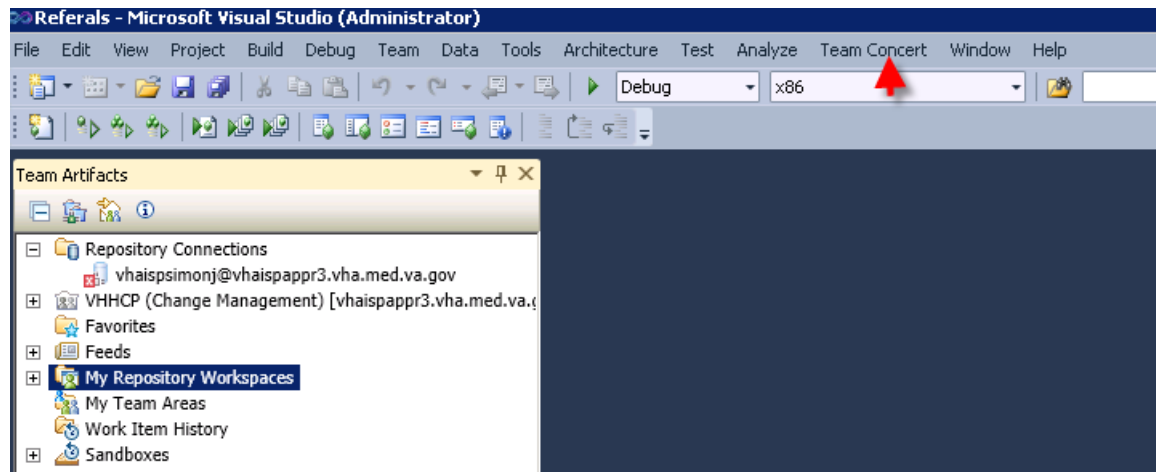
Select it and choose “Open”, then “OK”, then “Apply”, and finally “OK” again. Once added to the list of Installation Managers Repositories. Choose the “Install” in Installation Manager:



Check the box for “Rational Team Concert – client for Microsoft Visual Studio IDE” and then “next”



Move thru and use the default selection to install the software. It will find Visual Studio and install the plug-in. You can now open VS and you should see the “Team Concert” menu:



### Microsoft Anti-Cross Site Scripting Library V4.2

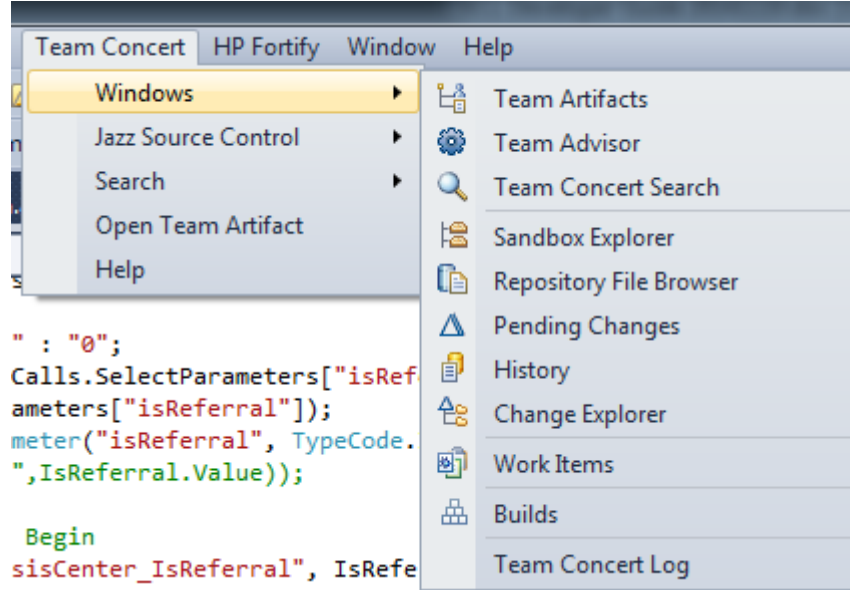
Run the executable you downloaded and follow the default prompts. If prompted for a .NET version of the assemblies to install, select .NET 3.5.

## 4. Obtaining VCL Code from RTC

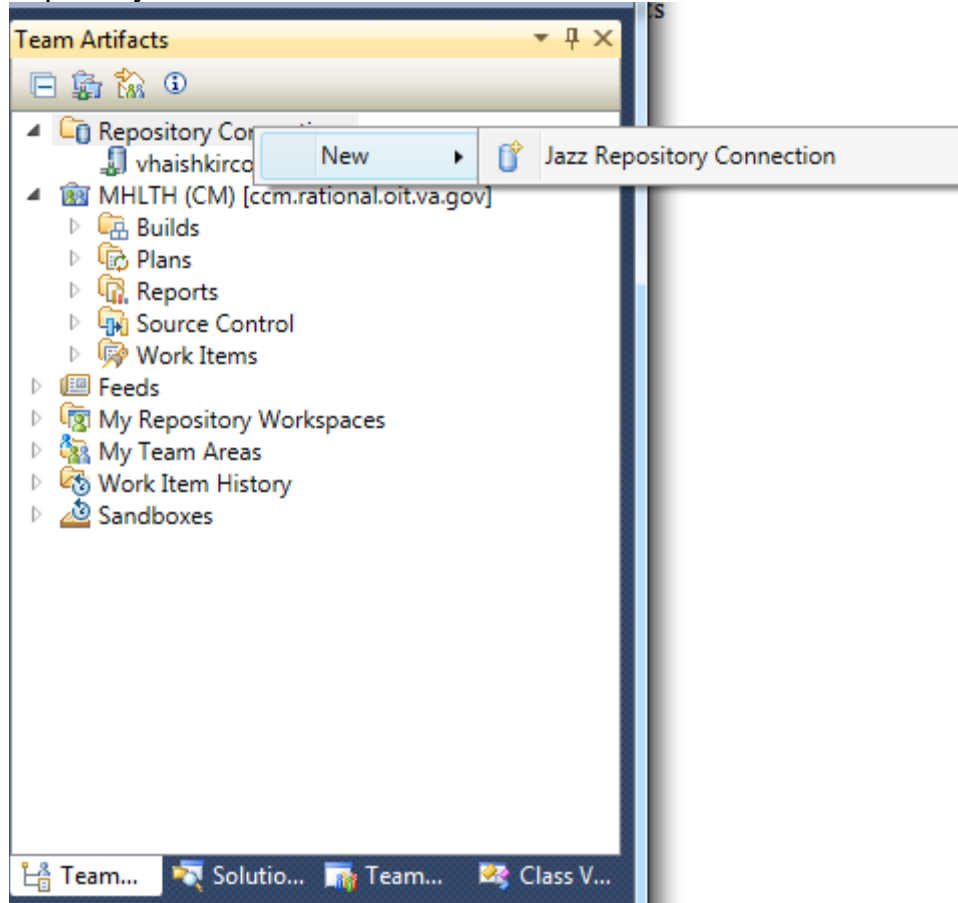
After you have installed all the required components, you will be ready to open Visual Studio 2010 Ultimate and obtain the latest VCL code from the RTC code repository.

You will need to verify that your account is set up for RTC access in the MHLTH (CM) repository.

In Visual Studio, Go to Team Concert -> Windows -> Team Artifacts



In the Team Artifacts window, right click Repository Connections, and select New -> Jazz Repository Connection



Fill in the requested fields with information shown in the following graphic. You will need to enter your own User ID and Password. Click OK when finished.

**Jazz Repository Connection**  
Change Repository Connection Properties

**Location**  
URI: \*   
Name:

**Authentication**  
User ID: \*   
Password:   
☒ Remember my password  
☒ Auto-login at startup

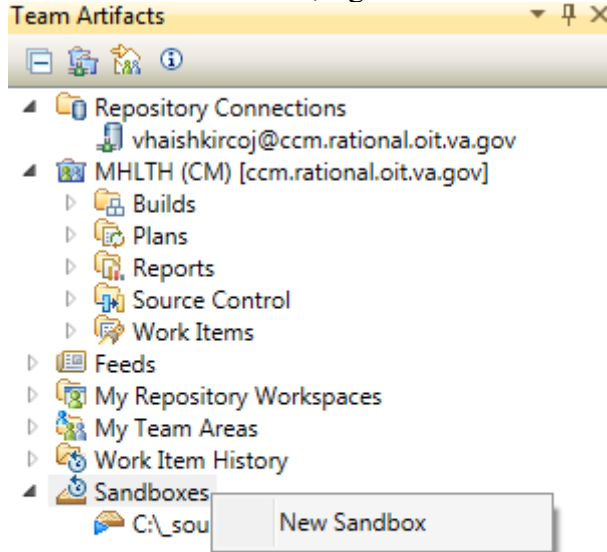
**Advanced**  
Connection Timeout (in seconds):

Jazz Repository Connection   Server Information   Client Access Licenses

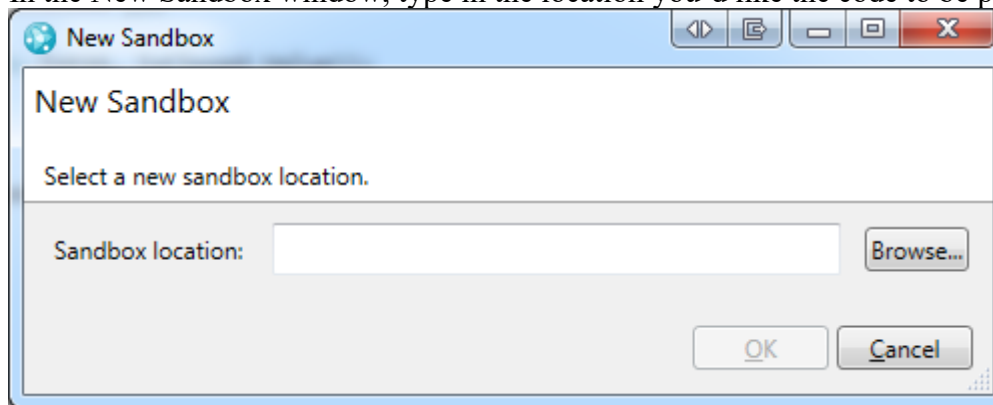
OK   Cancel



Next you will need to set up a sandbox for the code from RTC to reside on your machine. In the Team Artifacts window, right-click Sandboxes and select New Sandbox.



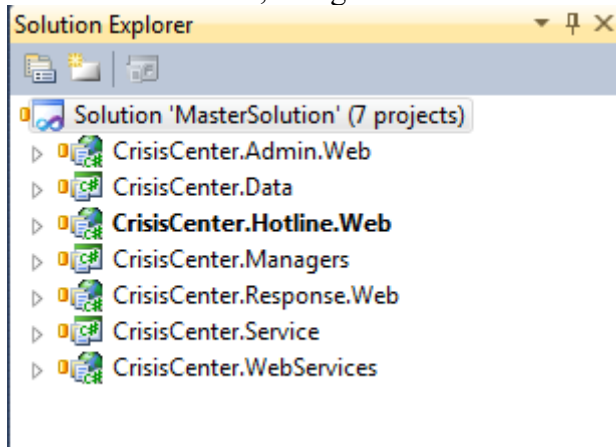
In the New Sandbox window, type in the location you'd like the code to be placed, and click OK.



At this point you should be able to obtain the VCL code.

## 5. Overview of the VCL Solution

From Visual Studio, navigate to the Solution Explorer.



The MasterSolution contains all the projects necessary to compile and run the VCL applications.

All of the \*.Web projects contain the web application code. They are the presentation layer projects.

The CrisisCenter.Data project is the data layer project, and contains code that interfaces between the presentation layer and the database.

The CrisisCenter.WebServices project is the web service layer, and contains the code that is responsible for interfacing with MDWS, which in turn interfaces with VistA to obtain patient data.

The CrisisCenter.Managers project contains legacy code that interfaces between the presentation layer and the web service layer.

The CrisisCenter.Service project contains common functionality among all the projects. It also serves as a business logic layer.

## 6. Running VCL on a GFE

To run VCL on a GFE, you will need to select one of the .Web projects as the startup project in Visual Studio. Begin running the project in debug mode to begin executing the application – Visual Studio will use its internal web server to host the application.

All three VCL applications (Hotline, Admin, and Response) have a warning banner that you must acknowledge before proceeding. This is to satisfy VA 6500 requirements.

All three VCL applications must also be logged in to before using them. The following information is what you will need in order to log in:

VISN: VISN1 – CPM VISN  
Site: Dev  
Access Code: 1programmer  
Verify Code: programmer1

### 6.1 Running Hotline

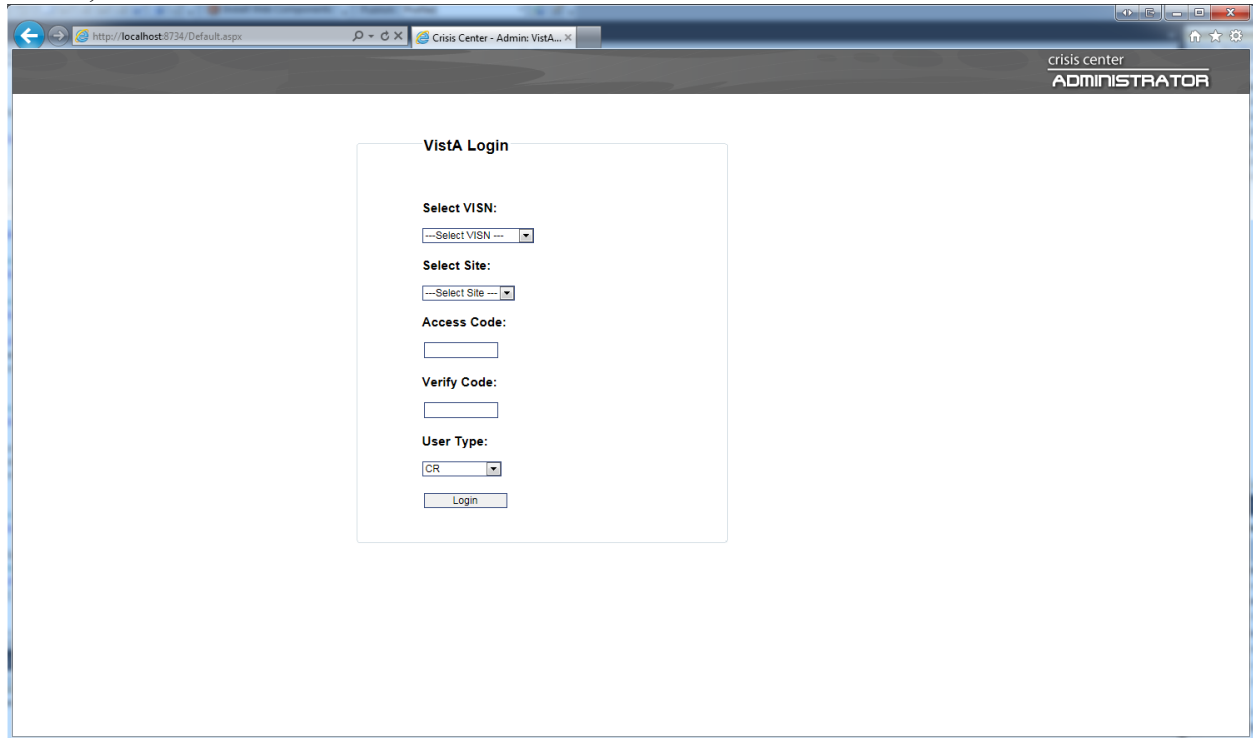
Hotline will load with a screen similar to this.

The screenshot shows the 'Crisis Center Hotline' web application. The browser address bar shows 'http://localhost:33047/Default.aspx'. The page has a red header with 'crisis center' and 'HOTLINE' text. On the left, there is a 'Vista Login' section with fields for 'Select VISN:', 'Select Site:', 'Access Code:', and 'Verify Code:', along with 'Login' and 'Logout' buttons. Below that is a 'Veteran Lookup' section with 'Select State:', 'Select Facility:', a 'Name Search:' field, and a 'Find Veteran' button. The main content area is titled 'Acute Care Risk Assessment & Log Sheet' and contains three main sections: 'RESPONSE INFO', 'CALLER INFO', and 'VETERAN INFO'. The 'RESPONSE INFO' section has fields for 'Date/Time of call to hotline:' (with a 'Set Call Time' button), 'Phone Station/Line\*', 'Responder Name\*', and 'Source of Call\*'. The 'CALLER INFO' section has fields for 'Caller Phone\*', 'Caller Name\*', 'Relationship to Vet\*', and 'Best way to contact'. The 'VETERAN INFO' section has fields for 'Veteran Name\*', 'Anon', 'SSN', 'Veteran Age', 'Gender', 'Is Veteran', 'Active Duty?', and 'Veteran Status'. A red banner at the top of the main content area says '\* = required field'.

After you log in, you will be able to log a call, or click the Reports Menu to select from a list of reports to execute.

## 6.2 Running Admin

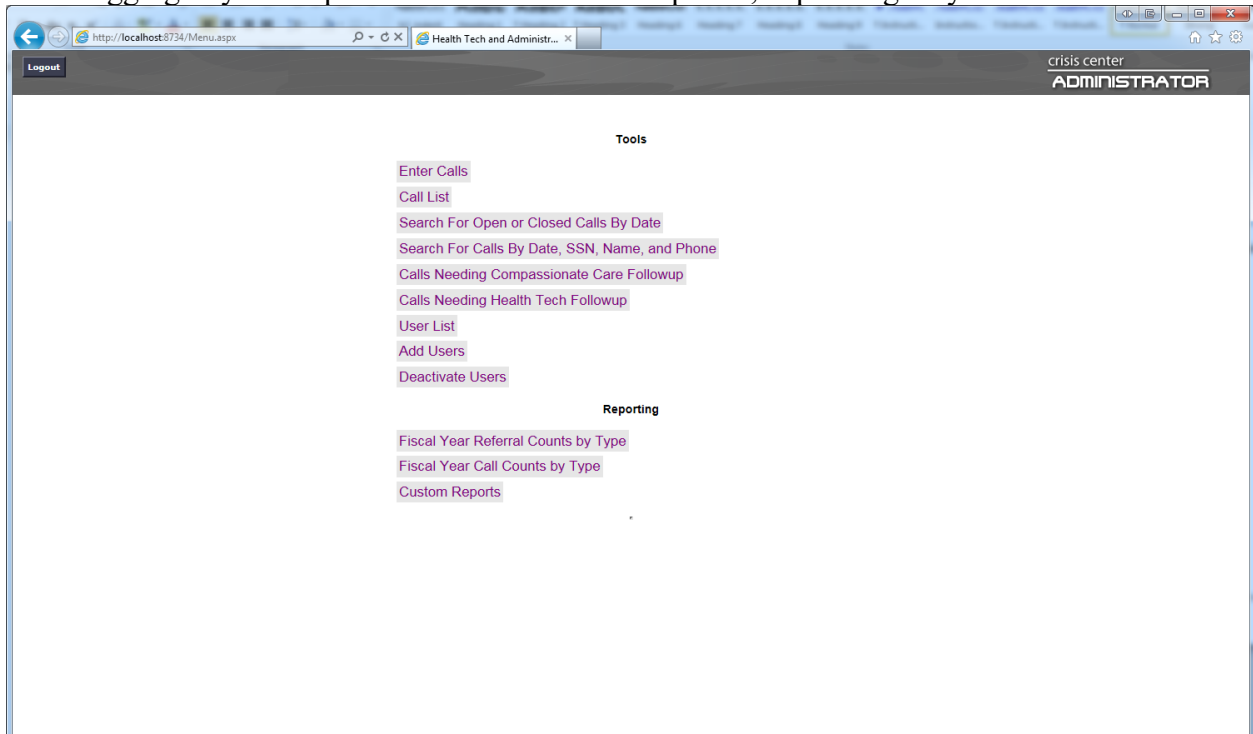
Admin will load with a screen similar to this. Select a user type will change the types of selections and permissions you will have after logging in. Super Admin has the highest level of access, while CR has the lowest.



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `http://localhost:8734/Default.aspx`. The page title is "Crisis Center - Admin: VistaA...". The page header includes "crisis center" and "ADMINISTRATOR". The main content area is titled "Vista Login" and contains the following fields:

- Select VISN:** A dropdown menu with the text "Select VISN".
- Select Site:** A dropdown menu with the text "Select Site".
- Access Code:** A text input field.
- Verify Code:** A text input field.
- User Type:** A dropdown menu with the text "CR".
- Login:** A button.

After logging in you are presented with a menu of options, depending on your level of access.



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `http://localhost:8734/Menu.aspx`. The page title is "Health Tech and Administr...". The page header includes "crisis center" and "ADMINISTRATOR". The main content area is titled "Tools" and contains the following links:

- Enter Calls
- Call List
- Search For Open or Closed Calls By Date
- Search For Calls By Date, SSN, Name, and Phone
- Calls Needing Compassionate Care Followup
- Calls Needing Health Tech Followup
- User List
- Add Users
- Deactivate Users

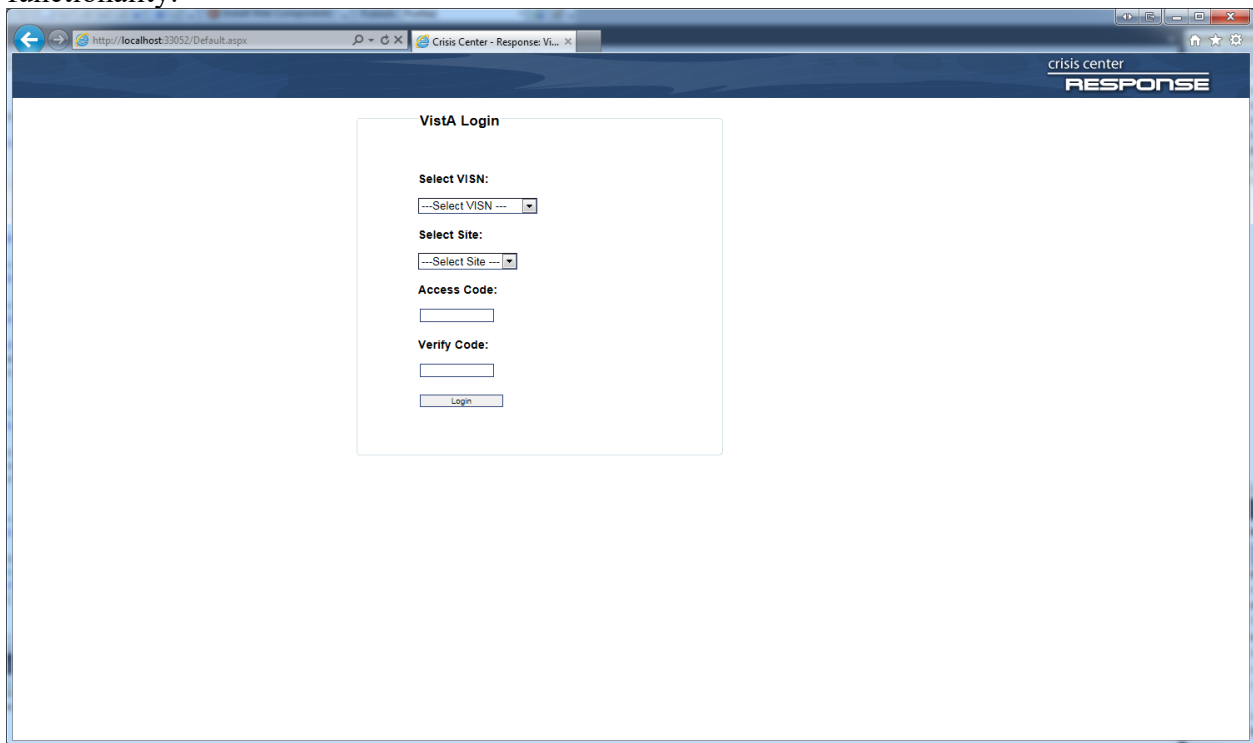
Below the "Tools" section is a "Reporting" section with the following links:

- Fiscal Year Referral Counts by Type
- Fiscal Year Call Counts by Type
- Custom Reports

From here you can enter calls, run a series of call listing functions, or run reports. Keep in mind that the Custom Reports link opens a new tab/window to SQL Server Reporting Services (SSRS), which is what certain high-level VCL users use to create and run their own reports.

## 6.3 Running Response

Response will load with a screen similar to this. You will need to log in before accessing its functionality.



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying `http://localhost:33052/Default.aspx`. The page title is "Crisis Center - Response: Vista Login". The page features a dark blue header with the "crisis center" logo and the word "RESPONSE" in white. The main content area is white and contains a "Vista Login" form. The form has the following fields and controls:

- Select VISN:** A dropdown menu with the text "---Select VISN ---".
- Select Site:** A dropdown menu with the text "---Select Site ---".
- Access Code:** A text input field.
- Verify Code:** A text input field.
- Login:** A button.

After logging in you are presented with a screen similar to this.

Select	Call Date	Caller Phone Number	Caller Name	Veteran Name	Referred To
Select	10/30/2014 3:52:02 PM	1114551212	TEN,IMAGEPATIENT	TEN,IMAGEPATIENT	Dev
Select	10/28/2014 9:52:59 AM	1234567890	John Doe	Anonymous	Dev
Select	10/2/2014 11:39:00 AM	1111111111	joe veteran	joe veteran	Dev
Select	9/30/2014 10:00:00 PM	2418436522	annie army	annie army	Dev
Select	9/29/2014 3:28:00 AM	4417554294	monty marine	monty marine	Dev
Select	9/25/2014 4:30:00 AM	2418756522	mike marine	mike marine	Dev
Select	8/1/2014 11:19:07 AM		anon	Anonymous	Dev
Select	7/17/2014 9:46:48 PM	4416663514	THREE,IMAGEPATIENT	THREE,IMAGEPATIENT	Dev
Select	7/14/2014 12:24:42 PM	6419558576	NINETY,OUTPATIENT	NINETY,OUTPATIENT	Dev
Select	7/13/2014 4:15:05 PM	7419757157	EIGHT,OUTPATIENT	EIGHT,OUTPATIENT	Dev

From this point you can view a series of call lists, select a call to view its details, or click Find Past Referrals to show a page that has call searching capabilities.

## 7. Troubleshooting / Additional Information

- If you are missing a reference to the Microsoft anti-XSS assemblies, you will have to manually add them to the projects that need them (i.e., the \*.Web projects). Assuming you have installed it, the assemblies can be found in a location such as C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft Information Security\AntiXSS Library v4.2\NET35\AntiXSSLibrary.dll.
- Developers and testers are bound to use a development instance of MDWS since any instance of MDWS that points to production VistAs will contain private patient information. The development instance of MDWS that VCL has been using is part of VA Innovations, and the URL to the MDWS web service is REDACTED. There is no one available to contact at VA Innovations, so if anything happens to this development instance of MDWS, an alternative will need to be found.
- The version number you see on the warning banner is stored in AssemblyInfo.cs files of each of the three VCL applications.
- In the event that a Fortify scan is requested, you will need to get in touch with the Fortify team to obtain a license and the latest Fortify software.